

Vivekanand Public School  
Marking Scheme

Mid Term Exams (2020-21)  
Class VI  
Social Studies

**PART A**  
**Two Marks Each**

**(MM:20)**

Ans. 1.) Harappan cities were well planned with an organised network of drainage and streets. (2)

2.) The cities were mostly divided into two parts, the citadel and the lower town.

Ans2. The term Vedic period means the period of Aryan occupation during which the four Vedas were composed i.e. 1500 B.C. to 600 B.C. (2)

Ans3. Universal adult franchise means all adults in a country can vote and elect their representatives to form the government. (2)

It is an important feature of democracy because it ensures the rights of all sections of the society are represented equally in the government.

Ans4. Mountains are store house of water because (2)

1.) Many mountains have frozen rivers of ice, or glaciers. Many perennial- rivers originate from glaciers.

2.) Dams and reservoirs are often built on rivers to provide water to people and farms.

Ans5. Globes are considered true models of the earth because they represent the exact shape of the Earth. They also show the relative size, (2)  
shapes, distances and directions of all the continents and oceans.

**PART B**  
**Three Marks Each**

Ans6. A scale is the ratio between distances on map to the actual distance on the ground. It is represented on a map in different ways (3)

1.) By a statement scale:- A scale is described in words

2.) Representative Fraction:- A scale that is expressed as a ratio or fraction.

3.) Linear scale:-The scale is shown as a straight line with uniform division; used to measure that distance between the two points on a map.

Ans7. Plateaus are useful to us for a number of reasons (3)

- 1.) They are rich sources of minerals
- 2.) They are useful for the generations of hydroelectricity.
- 3.) They provide vast lands for cattle grazing.

Ans8. The media and political parties play an important role in the democracy. (3)

- 1.) Political parties help keep the people informed about the decisions and plans of the government.
- 2.) They often organise public meetings to mobilise public opinion about important issues.
- 3.) Like the political parties, the media also plays a major role in highlighting the functioning of the government and discussing important issues.

Ans9. Ashram system was a new system developed by Brahmins in response to the Varna system according to this system man's life was divided into four stages or Ashrams. (3)

- 1.) The brahmacharya stage involved the early years of men's lives in which men were expected to concentrate on their studies and gain knowledge.
- 2.) The grihastha ashram involved marriage and leading a family life.
- 3.) In Vanaprastha stage men were expected to withdraw from worldly life and meditate in forest.
- 4.) Last stage was sanyasa required them to renounce the world and become ascetics.

Ans10. Society (3)

- 1.) Harappan society was organized, farming and animal rearing were their important activities.
- 2.) From the citadel it is evident that there was a ruling class or a ruler who governed these cities.

#### Religion

- 1.) They worshipped some sort of a mother goddess and they also worshiped peepal tree.
- 2.) They worshipped an early form of Shiva known as Pasupati.