



BLOOM PUBLIC SCHOOL
C-8 Vasant Kunj New Delhi
SYLLABUS FOR THE SESSION 2022-23
Class: XI
Subject: Legal Studies

MONTH	CHAPTERS (NCERT TEXT BOOK)	CONTENT
April	Unit 1: Introduction to Political Institutions Ch 01: Concept of State	I. What is a State? II. The concept of State and Article 12 of the Indian Constitution III. What is a Government? IV. Emergence of the State from Society V. Definition of State
May	Ch 02: Forms and Organs of Government Ch 03: Separation of powers	I. Introduction to the Organs of Government II. Forms of Government A. Monarchy B. Aristocracy C. Dictatorship D. Democracy III. Main organs of Government and its functions A. General Functions of Legislature as Organ of Government B. General Functions of Executive as Organ of Government C. General Functions of Judiciary as an Organ of the Government I. Concept of Separation of Powers II. Historical Background and Evolution of Montesquieu's Doctrine of Separation of Powers A. Montesquieu's Doctrine of Separation of Powers B. Basic Features of the Doctrine Separation of Powers as Enunciated by Montesquieu C. Checks and Balances of Power D. Impact of the Doctrine

		<p>III. Evaluation of The Doctrine of Separation of Powers</p> <p>A. Key Benefits and Advantages of The Doctrine of Separation of Powers</p> <p>B. Defects of the Doctrine</p> <p>IV. Separation of Powers In Practice</p> <p>A. Separation of Powers in Britain</p> <p>B. Separation of Powers in the United States of America</p> <p>C. Separation of Powers in India</p>
July	<p>Unit 2: Basic Features of the Constitution of India</p> <p>Ch 01: Salient features of the Constitution of India</p>	<p>i. Meaning of the term Constitution</p> <p>ii. Definition of the term Constitution</p> <p>iii. Historical Perspective of Indian Constitution</p> <p>iv. Salient Features of The Constitution of India</p> <p>A. A Modern Constitution</p> <p>B. Longthiest written Constitution</p> <p>C. Preamble to the Constitution</p> <p>D. Fundamental Rights; Directive Principles of State Policy; Fundamental Duties</p> <p>E. Constitutional Provision for Amendment of the Indian Constitution</p> <p>F. Adult Suffrage</p> <p>G. Single Citizenship</p> <p>H. Independent Judiciary</p> <p>I. Emergency Provisions</p> <p>J. Federal in form Unitary in character</p> <p>K. Division of Power:Centre-State Relations</p> <p>L. Schedules to the Constitution</p>

	<p>Chapter 2 : Administrative Law</p> <p>Unit 3:Jurisprudence, Nature and Sources of Law</p> <p>Ch 01 : Jurisprudence, Nature and Meaning of Law</p> <p>Ch 02: Classification of laws</p> <p>Ch 03: Sources of Laws</p>	<p>I.Background II. Administrative Law and Constitutional Law: Key Differences III. Reasons for Growth, Development and Study of Administrative Law IV. Types of Administrative Actions V. Fundamental Principle of Administrative Law: Rule of Law VI. Droit System</p> <p>I.Introduction II. Historical Perspective III. Schools of Law IV. Function and Purpose of Law</p> <p>I. Classification of Law based on Subject matter II. Classification of Law based on Scope of Law III. Classification of Law based on Jurisdiction</p> <p>i. Where does law come from? ii. Custom as a source of Law iii. Importance of Custom as a source of Law in India iv. Judicial Precedent as a Source of Law v .Legislation as a Source of Law</p>
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	<p>Unit 05: Family Justice System</p> <p>Ch 01: Institutional Framework-Marriage and Divorce</p>	<p>b) Criminal investigation and First Information Report c) The criminal process- Investigation and prosecution d) Doctrine of autrefois acquit and autrefois convict V. Other courts in India a) Family Courts b) Administrative Tribunals</p> <p>I. Nature of Family law in India II. Human rights and gender perspective III. Institutional framework- family Courts IV. Role of women in the creation of family courts V. Role of lawyers and counselors in Family courts VI. Role of counselors and gender issues VII. Marriage and Divorce</p>
November	<p>Chapter 2 : Child Rights</p> <p>Chapter 3 : Adoption</p> <p>Chapter 4 : Property, Succession and Inheritance</p>	<p>I. Child Rights II. Right to Education III. Right to Health IV. IV. Right to Shelter V. Child Labour VI. Sexual Abuse VII. Juvenile Justice</p> <p>I. Adoption II. Minor custody and Guardianship</p> <p>I. Concept of Property: Joint Family Property and Separate Property II. Inheritance and Succession III. Intestate Succession IV. Rules relating to Intestate Succession V. Testamentary Succession</p>
December	<p>Ch 05: Prevention of violence against women</p>	<p>I. What is Domestic abuse / violence? II. International legal framework III. Laws in India on prevention of violence against women</p>

January	Revision	
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ASSESSMENT SYLLABUS

PERIODIC ASSESSMENT-1 July	Unit 1: Introduction to Political Institutions Ch 01: Concept of State Ch 02: Forms and Organs of Government Ch 03: Separation of powers
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MID TERM EXAM September	Unit 1: Introduction to Political Institutions Ch 01: Concept of State Ch 02: Forms and Organs of Government Ch 03: Separation of powers Unit 2: Basic Features of the Constitution of India Ch 01: Salient features of the Constitution of India Ch 02: Administrative Law Unit 03: Jurisprudence, Nature and sources of law Ch 01: Jurisprudence, Nature and Meaning of Law Ch 02: Classification of laws Ch 03: Sources of Laws
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<p>PERIODIC ASSESSMENT-2 December</p>	<p>Unit 03: Jurisprudence, Nature and sources of law Chapter 1 : Jurisprudence, Nature and Meaning of Law Chapter 2 : Classification of Laws Chapter 3 : Sources of Laws Ch 04: Law Reform Ch 05: Cyber laws, safety and security in India</p> <p>Unit 04: Judiciary: Constitutional, Civil and Criminal Courts and Processes Ch 01: Judiciary: Constitutional, Civil and Criminal Courts and Processes</p>
<p>ANNUAL EXAM February</p>	<p>Unit 1: Introduction to Political Institutions Ch 01: Concept of State Ch 02: Forms and Organs of Government Ch 03: Separation of powers</p> <p>Unit 2: Basic Features of the Constitution of India Ch 01: Salient features of the Constitution of India Chapter 2 : Administrative Law</p> <p>Unit 03: Jurisprudence, Nature and sources of law Chapter 1 : Jurisprudence, Nature and Meaning of Law Ch 02: Classification of laws Ch 03: Sources of Law Ch 04: Law Reform Ch 05: Cyber laws, safety and security in India</p> <p>Unit 04: Judiciary: Constitutional, Civil and Criminal Courts and Processes Ch 01: Judiciary: Constitutional, Civil and Criminal Courts and Processes</p> <p>Unit 05: Family Justice System Chapter 1 : Institutional Framework - Marriage and Divorce Chapter 2 : Child Rights</p>

	<p>Chapter 3 : Adoption</p> <p>Chapter 4 : Property, Succession and Inheritance</p> <p>Chapter 5 : Prevention of Violence against Women</p>
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